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GENERAL PROPOSAL. CONCERNING HAZARDOUS DUTY BENEFITS TO INDUCE VOLUNTEERS FOR HAZARDOUS SERVICE

1. The proposals outlined below are based on a classification of hazardous duties into two categories. The categories would be Hazardous Service and Extra-hazardous Service:

(Benefits would apply only to appointive employees who are US citizens.)

- a. Hazardous jervice would be defined to include all service abroad of any nature whatsoever (including TLY). Where an employee is assigned to an overseas station on permanent duty and is on temporary duty in the United States, either official consultation or home leave would not be construed to break the service to; this purpose. Other types of service would be classified as hazardous in accordance with standards to be established by the DCI, and in this connection each individual case, together with the length of service to be approved as bazardous, would be determined by the Hazardous Luty Board.
- b. Extra-hazardous pervice would be determined by the Hazardous Duty Board in accordance with standards to be established by the DCI. It is intended that the standards be set very high in order that only truly worthy cases would be considered eligible. The principal element to be considered as a requirement for eligibility under Extra-hazardous Service would be actual exposure to risk of bodily harm or death.
- 2. The membership of the Hazardous Juty Board would include the following:

Personnel Director, Chairman
Representative of the Office or Staff concerned
Chief. SSS

Representative of the Legal Staff, Legal Advisor without vote.

The Personnel Director would be responsible as the recorder of the Board. Procedures would be established by which the recorder would



prepare appropriate certifications in order to establish an individual's right to additional benefits. It is recommended that the Board, in appropriate cases, be suthorized to approve individual cases retroactively. It is further intended that if it is determined by the Board that an individual met the standards established by the DCI he would be entitled to the benefits flowing therefrom us a matter of right. Consequently, a recommendation by his superior that he be so considered would not be an essential requirement. The determinations required under 3. c. would be made by the Board.

- a. In order that the Board could fulfill its responsibility in determining whether individuals met the standards established by the DCI, all cases of death, injury or illness while abroad would be brought to the attention of the Beard by the appropriate personnel office. In addition, supervisors of individuals who may be eligible for benefits under this program would be directed to bring such cases to the attention of the Board.
- 3. The benefits to be available to individuals in the category of Hazardous Service would be:
 - a. In the cases of individuals qualifying there would be granted a death gratuity amounting to six-months' salary. The amount to be considered would be base pay only, excluding any overseas allowances, differentials, overtime or extra-hazardous pay. Such amount would be payable to the beneficiary designated by the exployee in writing, or, in lieu of such designation, to the estate. The legislation establishing such benefits should clearly indicate that such amount is payable over and above, and shall not be considered an offset or an election in connection with, benefits payable under the United States Employees' Compensation Act. Precedent for such benefits exists in connection with the Armed Forces and members of the Public Health Service.
 - b. Under paragraph 5.3 of the Confidential Funds Regulations, persons paid from such funds are entitled to the benefits of the Missing Persons Act. It is proposed that all persons eligible under the Hazardous Service category



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would receive such benefits. Anticipating that there may be cases where tadividuals are "defrined" for long periods of time, certain additional benefits would be granted to attempt to compensate for the fact that the individual, during such deininment would be depied the opportunity of attaining grade promotions. Consequently he would be entitled to receive increases to his pay (and allowances) at appropriate periods. The facrease would be equal to the amount he would receive at the hext higher grade to which he could be promoted. At such time the allowances to which he would be entitled would be recomputed on the basis of the increased salary. The waiting period for increases would be one year between each increase until the salary was equal to that which would be received by an employee at the grade level of a Ge-9. Thereafter, the time period between each increase would be two years. The maximum salary level would be the salary which would be received by an employee at the grade level of a Ga-15. While step-increases would be a negligible factor under this scheme, they would be granted in a manner similar to existing procedures.

- (1) It is not intended that the jame allowances, payable to the employee at the time he becomes detained, missing, etc., be paid to his designated beneficiary. Rather, it is intended that only approprinte allowances be paid. For example, in the case of a single man having no dependents where he would be receiving his quarters and allowances, there would exist no justification for continuation of the quarters allowance if he were missing or detained, since he would not be paying for such quarters. Ilso, in the case of us individual whose wife had been at the station with him and had been returned to the United States after the capture of the employee, a separation allowance would be more appropriate than continuation of the old quarters allowance. Post differential and other allowances would be paid in a similar manner.
- c. It is also proposed that appropriate regulations be established or legislation be drafted to authorize the application of the standards and benefits of the United States



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Employees' Compensation Act to the members of the family of the employee who is eligible under the Hazardous Service category. The members of the family would be as defined in the Standardised Government Travel Regulations. Since the standard for greating benefits to the employee is whether the employee was injured in the performance of his duty, a new standard would be established for the members of the family. The standard would be that the injury, Illness or death must be determined as having a causal relationship to the employee's duties. Generally, this benefit would be for a piccation in overseas areas.

- (1) Certain presumptions about run in favor of the beneficiaries of this legislation. If there is a reasonable basis on which there could be raised a presumption that the employee was a target because of his duties, the causal relationship between the wife's injury and the employee's duties is thus established.
- d. Additional credit for retirement in accordance with attached paper entitled "Recommended Plan for Legislative Changes in the Ratirement Act for CIA Employees who are Engaged in Hazardous Duties"
- 4. In the category of Extra-hazardous Service, the employee would be eligible for all of the benefits set forth for Hazardous Service. In addition he would be authorised additional pay at the rate of 50 percent of his base salary, not to exceed, however, \$200.00 per four-week pay period. However, benefits for extra-hazardous service is the United States would be limited to the extra-hazardous pay and the six-months death gratuity. It is intended that the Hazardous Service Board would circumscribe the period for which the individual would be eligible to secure this additional pay. The establishment of eligibility to run indefinitely would be avoided by appropriate procedures and review actions. Other elements to be considered in determining the period of eligibility for Extra-hazardous Service pay would be treatment afforded other employees of the Agency under the same or similar circumstances. Uniformity of benefits afforded employees is to be desired where the duties entail the same degree of risk.

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Appendix A

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- 5. It has been suggested that an additional benefit be granted those engaged in Extra-hazardous Service by providing for the payment, in the event of their death while engaged in such service, of an amount of \$10,000 to their designated beneficiaries. Without recitation of the technical details. such a scheme has been found infeasible due to the fact that under the United States Employees' Compensation Act the beneficiary would be required to elect which benefit should be received. Consequently, in the average case no surpose would be served by offering the payment of such a benefit. However, the election does not apply in the case of proceeds of life insurance policies. Therefore, it appears highly desirable to encourage very strongly all individuals who are about to cheage in extra-hazardous duties to procure insurance from the War Agencies Imployees Protective Association. This insurance is term insurance for which the employee must pay \$12.50 per month. The face value of the policy is \$10,000 to: those employees receiving an annual salary in excess of \$ 200. However, in event of death, the sum of \$11,000 is paid on the jolicy of face value \$10,000, and in the event of accidental death a total of \$21,000 is paid out. Appropriate security arrangements exist with the Association whereby the employees of CIA are covered by a number, and the names are not known to the Association except upon the death of the employee while insured. It is recegnized that employee should be encouraged to take this insurance where they are going abroad in Hazardous Service. ever, due to the ripks entailed where the employee will be in Extrahazardous Service, additional effort should be expended to encourage the employee to protect his family or dependents in the event of his death.
- 6. The above proposals have been submitted basically in outling form. The justifications for each item and the administrative handling should receive careful consideration. This part of the study is not intended to furnish the reasons or the justification for the recommended proposals.

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